

February was a good month for stocks and produced a broader set of gainers – while a couple of the magnificent 7 stocks led mega caps higher, a few others waivered and the Russell Mid-Cap and Russell 2000 actually outperformed the Russell 1000 for the month. Value stocks continued to underperform growth. Emerging markets, led by Chinese stocks which gained [8.4 percent](#) in February, also rallied during the month. Bond prices fell as rates rose about 40 bps on the 10-year treasury.

So far, our beginning-of-the-year calls that 2% inflation would become a floor rather than a cap has proven true. The Fed’s favorite measure of inflation, The Personal Consumption Expenditures index, did produce an acceptable result in February with year-over-year inflation falling to 2.4 percent. But the details of that report were not all that encouraging. The core PCE index, excluding food and energy, still increased 2.8% year over year. Alarmingly, the January monthly jump was 0.4 percent by itself, which would annualize at something akin to 4.8 percent. As we still see no signs of [imminent recession](#) or significant cracks in the [strong labor market](#), it’s hard for us to imagine a scenario where inflation doesn’t prevent the Fed from lowering rates as much as markets would prefer.

Lisa Shalett, Chief Investment Officer, was also worried by February inflation data, writing in her March 4th [GIC Weekly](#), “the first two months of 2024, however, have failed to confirm the consensus narrative, as economic growth has been much stronger than expected and major price indexes have suggested reaccelerating inflation. The 10-year US Treasury yield has risen more than 40 basis points since late December, with the real rate hovering close to 2.0%, near its pre-Great Financial Crisis level. As measured by the one-year swaps market, inflation expectations have risen from 1.9% last December to 2.5%. The consensus soft-landing narrative shifted on a dime to a “no-landing,” midcycle reflation narrative, whereby profit growth is expected to justify equity prices.”

We agree with Richard Bernstein, who [wrote](#) on February 21st, that “The current speculative environment seems to increasingly resemble the Technology Bubble of 1999/2000. Leadership is narrow, valuation dispersions are massive, relative strength and momentum are the primary drivers of performance, and investors are shunning diversification to take impulsive near-record portfolio risk.” That’s especially true when asset allocation, portfolio concentration, and equity beta are all considered together.

A strong case can be made that liquidity, rather than fundamentals, is driving the current rally – the Goldman Sachs Financial Conditions Index and the Bloomberg Financial Conditions Index both suggest financial conditions have become much looser in the last several months – reaching levels last seen in 2021 and early 2022 before the Fed began its rate-hiking plan in earnest. Liquidity fuels inflation. It correlates strongly with the price of crypto currency (currently hitting new highs) and momentum stocks. What’s more, a positive feedback loop can be created at market highs between asset gains and liquidity conditions, as ever-higher prices produce a wealth effect and increase borrowing collateral. At this point, the team believes there is real risk of a surprise hawkish Fed statement or even action in the next month or two based on recent data. We worry that 2024 may prove historically analogous to the years between 1976 and

1979 – a second bout of increasing inflation after a period of relative calm and an all-clear signal from the Fed.

As always, if you have any questions or concerns, please don't hesitate to let any member of the team know.

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