

PRIVATE WEALTH MANAGEMENT

# Estate Planning for Investment Fund Principals

Wealth and Estate Planning Strategists

2023

### **BASIC ESTATE TAX PLANNING**

- Minimize potential estate tax exposure: 40% (top rate) federal gift and estate tax
- Gift and estate tax exemption
  - In 2023, \$12.92MM per person (\$25.84MM per married couple) exemption from federal gift and estate tax
  - State estate tax?

#### **MAXIMIZE EXEMPTION**

- Gift early
- Transfer assets with relatively low current value and significant appreciation potential
- Value of interests in closely held entities may be eligible for valuation discounts for lack of marketability and lack of control

### WHY IS ESTATE PLANNING WITH INVESTMENT FUND INTERESTS MORE COMPLEX THAN TRADITIONAL PLANNING?

- Capital and profits interests in private investment funds are complex assets that require particular attention and expertise
- Specific federal gift tax and income tax laws must be addressed in conjunction with any plan
- Securities laws restrict ownership in private investments

### HOW MORGAN STANLEY PRIVATE WEALTH ADVISORS CAN HELP:

- Work with a client's independent tax advisor to:
  - Analyze structure of funds to navigate the intersection of the estate, gift and income tax rules
  - Review gift tax valuation issues under IRC Section 2701 (the so-called "vertical slice" rule)
  - Address income tax issues relating to transfer of profits interests
  - Address vesting issues
  - Discuss planning techniques appropriate for different types of investment funds
  - Coordinate with appraisers to determine valuation
  - Navigate securities law issues relating to investment restrictions for private funds

### **IRC Section 2701**

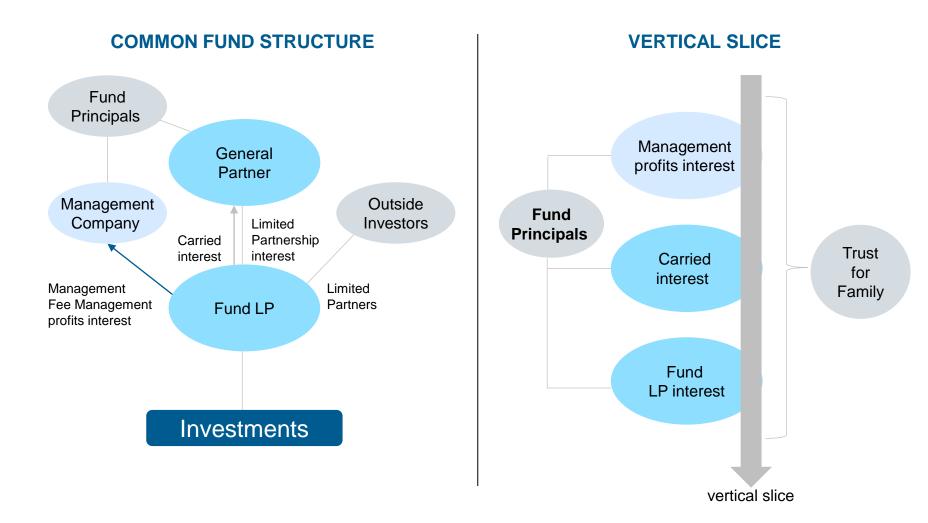
### SECTION 2701 OF THE INTERNAL REVENUE CODE ("IRC" OR THE "CODE")

- Designed to address potentially abusive estate planning transactions with closely held family owned businesses
- Directs a specific gift tax valuation process for equity interests in an entity transferred to members of the family, where the transferor and/or certain family members retain certain interests in the entity
- May require fund principals to transfer a proportionate share of all equity interests in the fund if deemed to be controlled by the principal and/or the principal's family. (According to the statute, "control" means holding of at least 50 percent of the vote or value of the stock of a corporation, at least 50 percent of the capital or profits interest in a partnership, or in the case of a limited partnership, holding any interest as a general partner)
- · Failure to address may result in punitive federal gift tax consequences

### VERTICAL SLICE

- An exception to Section 2701
- Requires that principals transfer a proportionate share ("vertical slice") of all equity interests in a fund (such as capital investment interests, carried interests and any other profits interests)

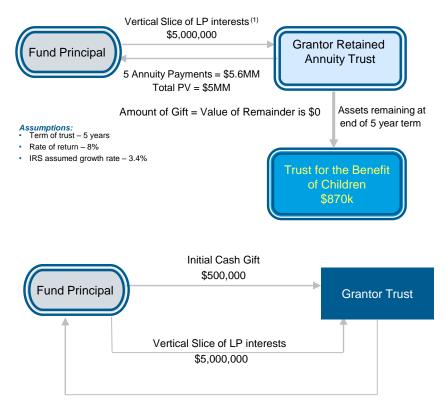
### **IRC Section 2701**



### **Transfer Techniques**

### GRAT

- Requires annual annuity payments
- Payments in kind require annual appraisals and may dilute success of the GRAT
- Mortality risk



Promissory Note \$5,000,000

### SALE TO GRANTOR TRUST

- Typically requires seed gift prior to sale
- Installment note may be designed with flexibility to match cash flow
- Only initial appraisal needed if cash flow is sufficient to cover note payments

<sup>1.</sup> Multiple LP interests can be combined into a family entity to facilitate gifting.

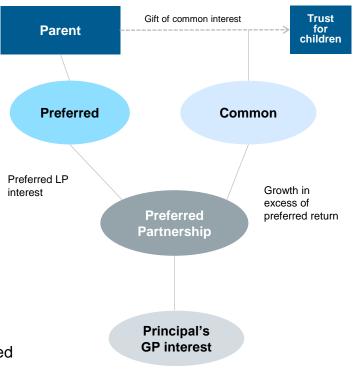
## Alternatives to Vertical Slice Planning

#### **PARTNERSHIP FREEZE**

- Transferor retains a preferred interest with an annual preferred, fixed, cumulative return; payment of preferred may be deferred for up to four years
- · Transfer of "common" interest to younger generation
  - Value must be at least 10% of entity value
  - Entitled to residual value after preferred return

#### **DERIVATIVE ON CARRIED INTEREST**

- Principal sells or gifts a derivative based on value of carried interest
- · Appraisal needed to establish initial value of the option
- · Section 2701 should not apply because no equity interest is transferred
- Principal may need to preserve carry distributions



### **INCOME TAX ISSUES:**

- Three-year holding period for capital gains tax treatment of profits interest
  - Gifting interests subject to vesting schedule
  - Income recognition upon disposition of profits interest

### **SECURITIES LAW ISSUES:**

- Does the recipient of gift/transfer qualify?
  - Accredited investor
  - Qualified purchaser

### Appendix & Disclosure

This presentation was designed to illustrate the financial impact of a particular planning decision. The slides herein do not constitute a recommendation.

Caution: Many estate techniques share the common risk of the loss of control of the assets once the gift of the assets is complete.

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